## STORAGE GUIDE

## Storage

Extended storage, such as for winter, requires that you take certain steps to reduce the effects of deterioration from non-use of the motorcycle. In addition, necessary repairs should be made BEFORE storing the motorcycle; otherwise, these repairs may be forgotten by the time the motorcycle is removed from storage.

- 1. Change the engine oil and filter.
- 2. Make sure the cooling system is filled with a 50/50% antifreeze solution.
- 3. Drain the fuel tank and carburetor. Spray the inside of the tank with an aerosol rust-inhibiting oil. Reinstall the fuel cap on the tank.

WARNING: Gasoline is flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the equipment while draining fuel.

4. Remove the spark plug and pour a tablespoon (15-20 cc) of clean engine oil into cylinder. Crank the engine several times to distribute the oil, then reinstall the spark plug.

NOTE: When turning the engine over, the Engine Stop Switch should be OFF and spark plug placed in its cable cap and grounded to prevent damage to the ignition system.

- 5. Remove the battery. Store in an area protected from freezing temperatures and direct sunlight. Check the electrolyte level and slow charge the battery once a month.
- 6. Wash and dry the motorcycle. Wax all painted surfaces. Coat chrome with rust-inhibiting oil.
- 7. Inflate the tires to their recommended pressures. Place the motorcycle on blocks to raise both tires off the ground.
- 8. Cover the motorcycle (don't use plastic or other coated materials) and store in an unheated area, free of dampness with a minimum of daily temperature variation. Do not store the motorcycle in direct sunlight.